STATE MAP

महाराष्ट्र एवं गोवा

MAHĀRĀSHTRA & GOA

Scale 1:1,000,000



भारतीय सर्वेक्षण विभाग | SURVEY OF INDIA

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MAHĀRĀSHTRA

The literary meaning of Mahārāshtra is great nation. It is the 2nd largest state of India in population and 3rd largest state in area. It is bounded by Arabian sea in the West, Gujarāt in the North–West, Madhya Pradesh in the North, Chhattīsgarh in the East, Telangāna in South–East and Karnātaka and Goa in the South. Mahārāshtra is divided into 36 districts, which are grouped into six divisions viz. Vidharbha, Marathwada, Khandesh and Northen Mahārāshtra region, Konkan and Paschim Mahārāshtra region. According to 2011 census, the population of Mahārāshtra is 112,374,333.

Climate varies with the change in topography. While the coastal belt experiences tropical monsoon, the seasons are more marked in the drier plateau regions.

Majority of the population are devout Hindus. The people in the rural areas are basically agriculturists and mostly speak Marāthi. In urban areas, it is multi–lingual.

Historically, the territory was part of Mauryan empire (321 B.C–184 A.D). The Satavāhanās (230 B.C–230 A.D) are considered the first ruling dynasty of the region. A number of Hindu dynasties ruled the region for over 1200 years, the last being the Yādavās. Khiljies, Bahmanies and Moghuls ruled the region during the 14th to 17th centuries. With the rise of CHHATRAPATI SHIVĀJI in the 17th century, Mahārāshtra entered a new phase of history. SHIVĀJI welded Marāthās into a powerful nation. Marātha empire under the Peshwās extended to Gwalior in the North and Tanjore to the South. Marāthās ultimately yielded to the British power in 1818. MAHĀRĀNI LAXMIBĀI of JHĀNSI fought bravely with British in 1857.

Mahārāshtra was part of erstwhile Bombay state until 1960. Under States Reorganisation Act, two separate states, Mahārāshtra and Gujarāt were formed.

Western part of Mahārāshtra with its 720 km long coastal strip overlooks the Arabian Sea. The Sahayādris (Western Ghāts) run almost parallel to the sea coast, flank the Konkan on its East. To the East of Sahayādris, stretches a vast plateau.

Prominent places for industrial entrepreneurs and tourist attraction under western Mahārāshtra are MUMBAI, the capital, industrial trade centre, Bombay Stock Exchange, Bollywood Cinema industry, Headquarters of many national and multi–national companies, international airport and harbour, Elephanta caves, Gateway of India, Juhu beach, Kanheri caves, Krishnagiri National Park, Amarnāth (a Chālukyan temple), Khandāla and Lonāvala ghāts with charming scenic beauty and health resorts, Karnāla Bird Sanctuary & Fort, Siddhi Vinayaka temple, Mahalaxmi temple, Haji Ali Dargah, Victoria terminus Railway Station, Vajreshwari Hot Springs are some of the tourist attractions in and around Mumbai city. PUNE known as Queen of Deccan is surrounded by hills with pleasant climate. Mulshi Dam, Khadakwasla Dam, Varasgaon Dam, Shaniwarwada, Agha khan palace, Dagudusheth Halwai Ganapati temple, Osho ashram, National Defence Academy, Sinhagad Fort, Katraj Snake Park etc are some of the tourist places. Pune is also hub for Information Technology with many of the national and multi–national software firms establishing their offices. NĀSHIK: legend has it that Surpanakha, sister of Rāvāna, lost her nose (nakha) in an encounter with Lakshmana, the brother of Rāma. Trimbakeshwar, one of the 12 Jyothirlingas was constructed by 3rd Peshwa Balaji Bajirao during 1740–1760. It is located at the foot of Brahmagiri hill 3000 ft above M.S.L. SOLĀPUR : Vinobha temple at Pandharpur, RATNĀGIRI : an excellent sea side resort with winding creeks and dense groves of palm trees. AHILYĀNAGAR : Shiridi, where the mystic Saint Saibaba : lived. SĀTĀRA Mahabaleshwar hill station, Shivaji's Jai Bhavani sword and the Baghnakh (tiger claws). CHHATRAPATI SAMBHĀJĪNAGAR : Ajanta and Ellora caves with exquisite paintings and sculptures depicting various incarnations of Buddha, besides other subjects, forts and Jain temples, Bibi–ka–Makbara at Daulatabadi is a monument similar to Taj Mahal at Agra and is an interesting tourist place.



Scale 1:1,000,000

Kilometres 10 0 10 20 30 40 50 Kilometres

SPECIAL REFRENCES

B	BEMETĀRA	J1	BE	BELAGĀVI	C7	BI	BĪDAR	F4
CR	CENTRAL RAILWAY		D	DĀVANGERE	D8	K	KOPPAL	D7
M	MAHABUBĀBĀD	H5	MR	MAHBŪBNAGAR	F6/G6	SWR	SOUTH WESTERN RAILWAY	
SCR	SOUTH CENTRAL RAILWAY		T D	THE DĀNGS		W(R)	WARANGAL (RURAL)	H5
WR	WESTERN RAILWAY		B N	BHĀVNAGAR	A1			

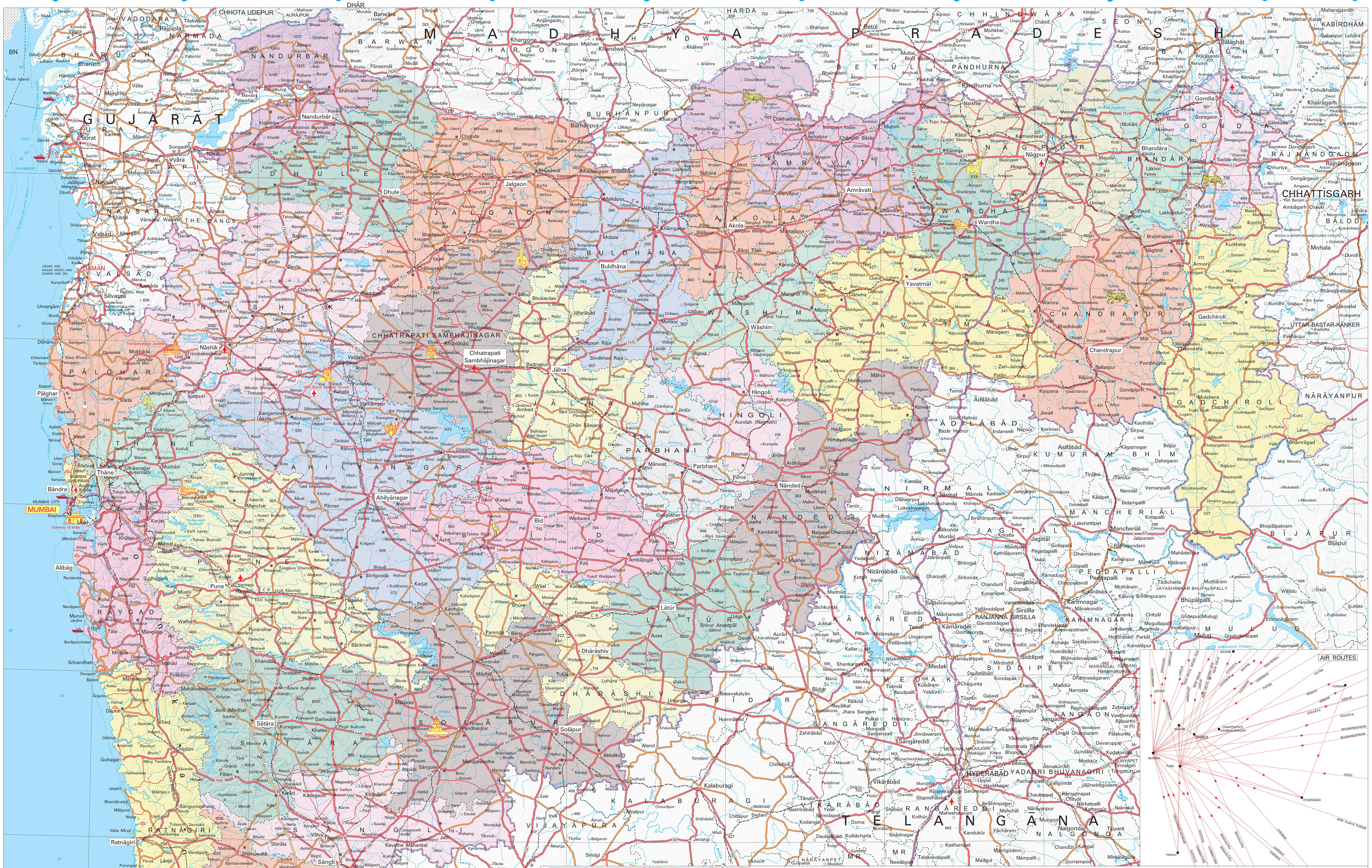
REFERENCES

- Name headquarters: state / UT ... MUMBAI
- Name headquarters: District; Subdistrict; Others ... Thāne Lānja Mālād
- Headquarters: State / UT, District, Subdistrict, Other Towns
- Roads: Golden Quadrilateral, North–South Corridor
- Roads: Express Highway, National Highway with Number ... 22
- State Highway, Other Roads , Ferry Route
- Railway Line Broadguage : Single, Double
- Railway Line Otherguage : Single, Double
- River, Stream, Reservoir, Canal.
- Boundary: State, District, Sub District
- Height, Depth, Trignometric station. ... .653 48 △ 653
- Light House, Rest House
- Port /Shipyard, Beach & Resort, Fort
- Airport : international; others.
- Mangrove swamp , Mud.
- Contours, bathymetrical, Submerged sand ... 6 fathoms (10 metres approx)
- Mountain Range. ... S A T M Ā L A
- Tourist Places, National Park ... Ellora Caves Bot National Park

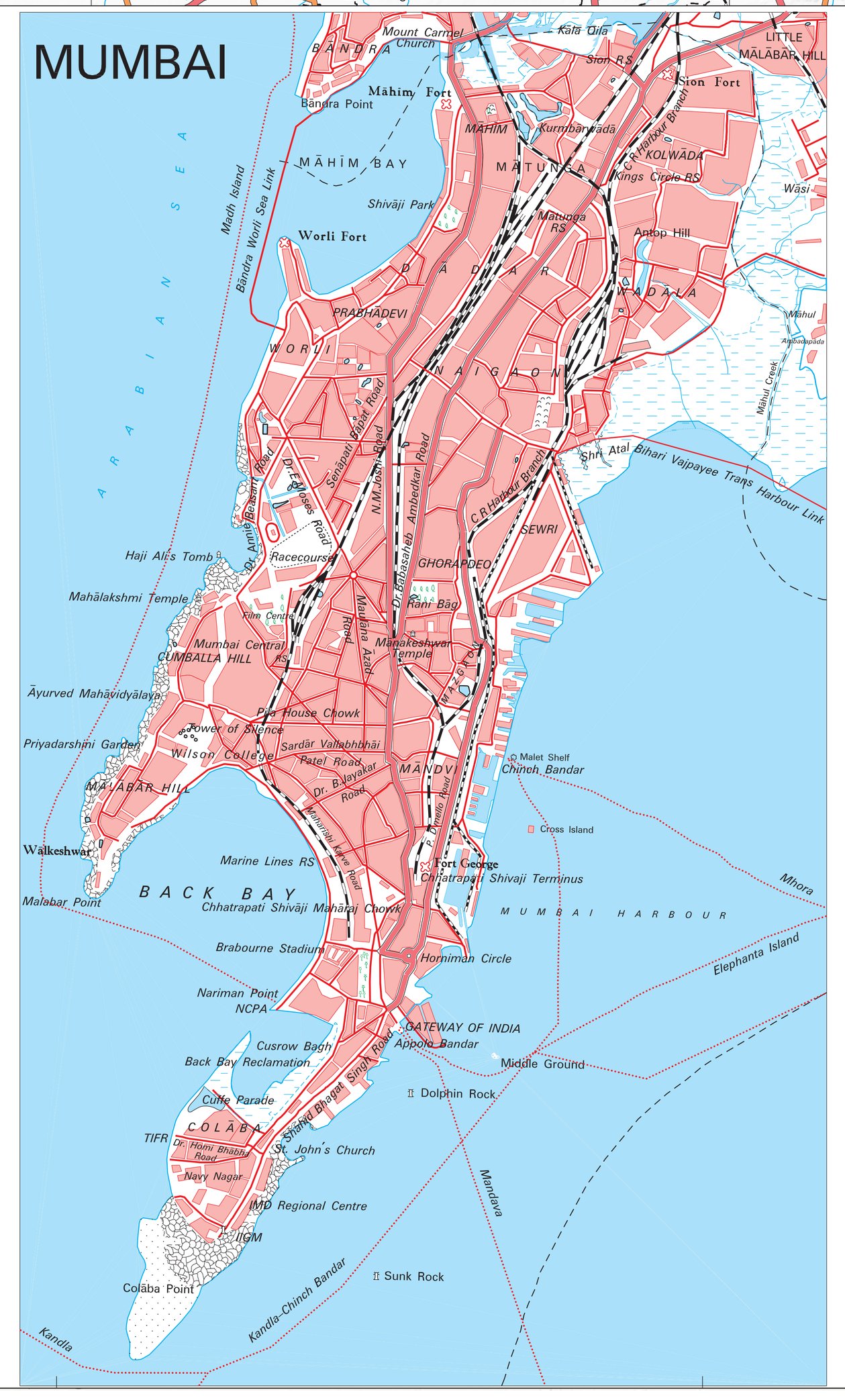
Headquaters of the state and districts are boxed in the body of map.
Heights and Depths are in metres.
The territorial waters of India extend into the sea to a distance of twelve nautical miles measured from the approximate base line.
National highways are shown as per the records obtained from Ministry of Road Transport & Highway in addition to that of Survey of India.
The administrative headquarters of Nāgpur (Rural) and Nāgpur (Urban) sub–districts are at Nāgpur.
The administrative headquarters of Solapur North and Solapur South sub–districts are at Solapur.

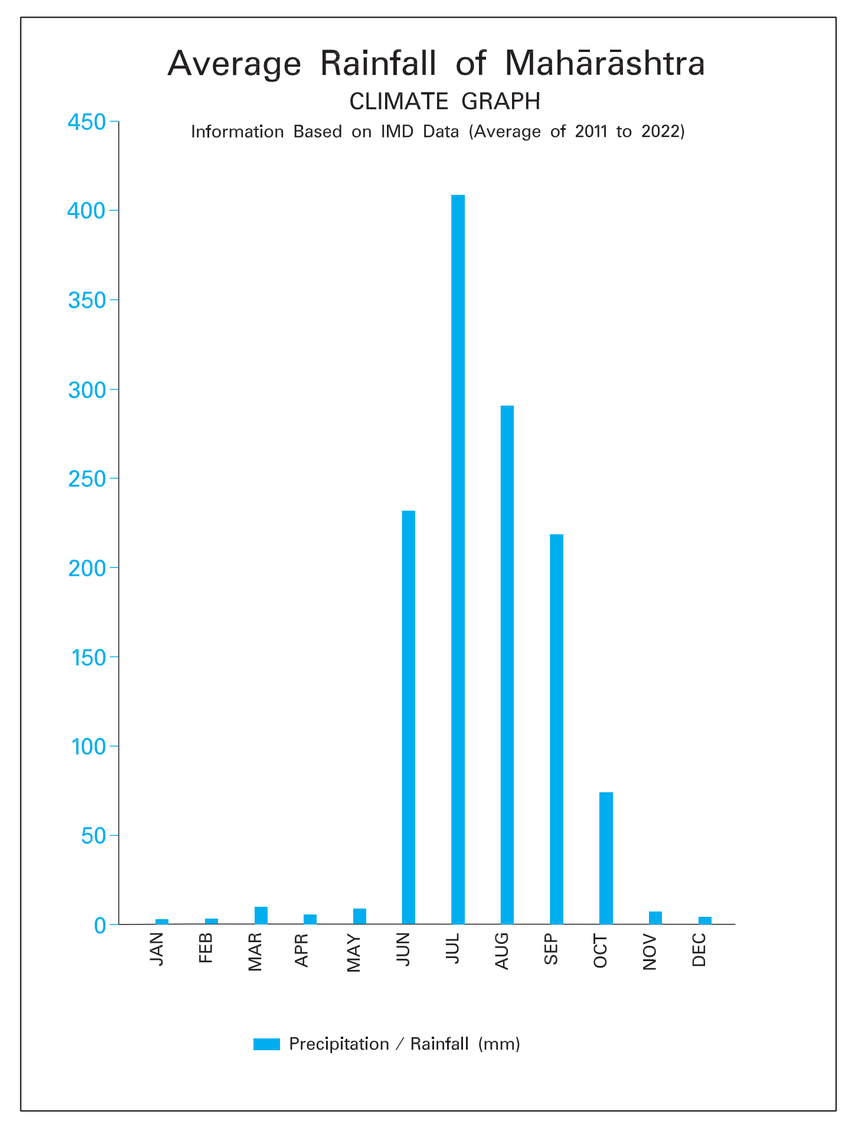
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Director
Mahārāshtra & Goa Geo–Spatial Directorate
Survey of India
Phule Nagar, Alandi Road
Pune – 411006
Fax : 020–26614665
Email id: mhgoa.pune.soi@gov.in
WEBSITE – www.surveyofindia.gov.in

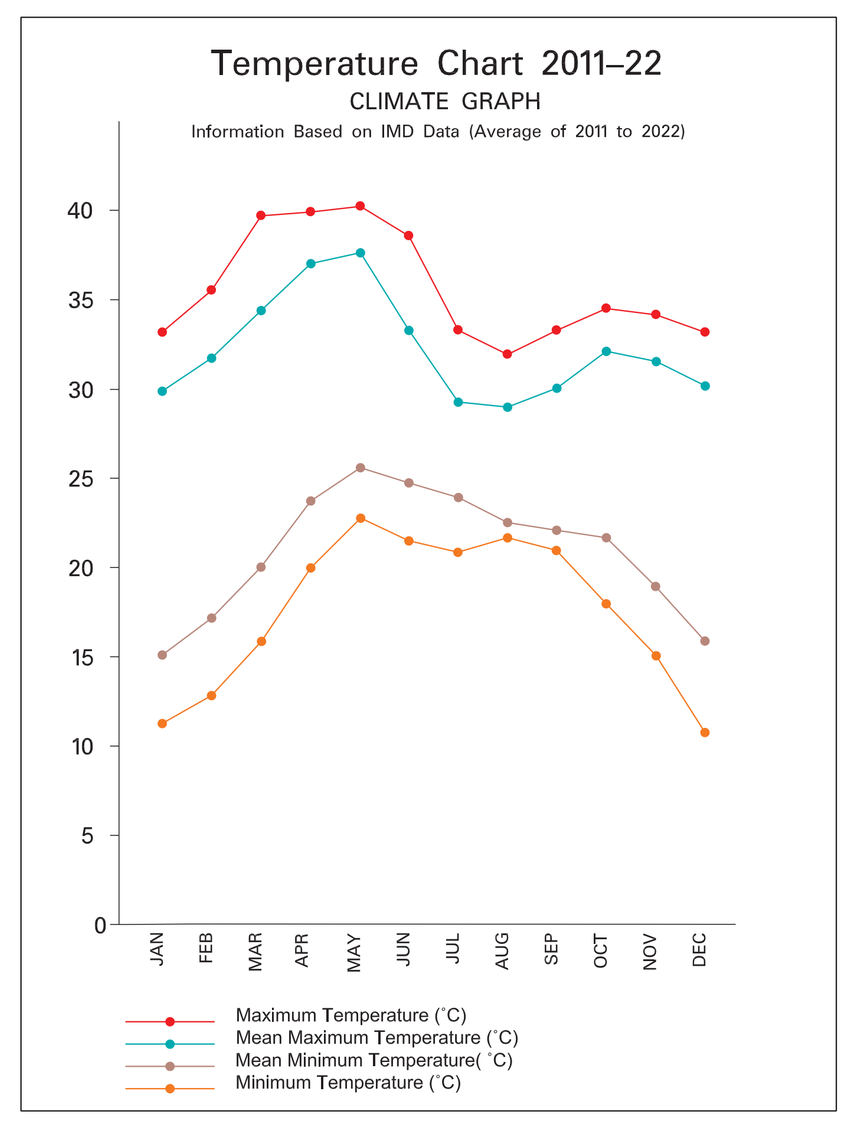
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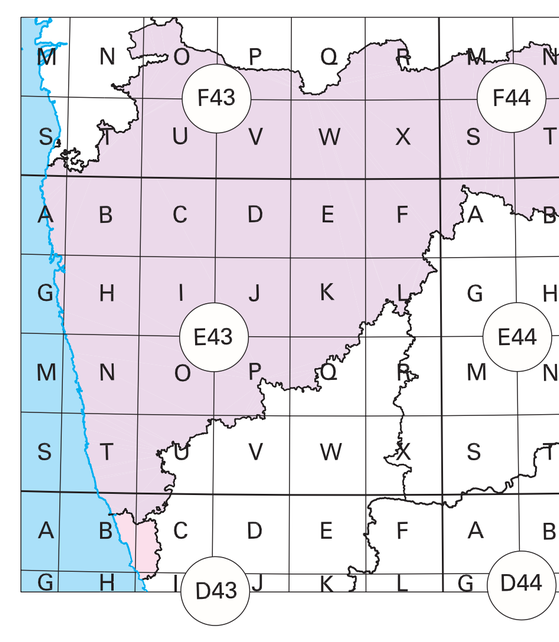


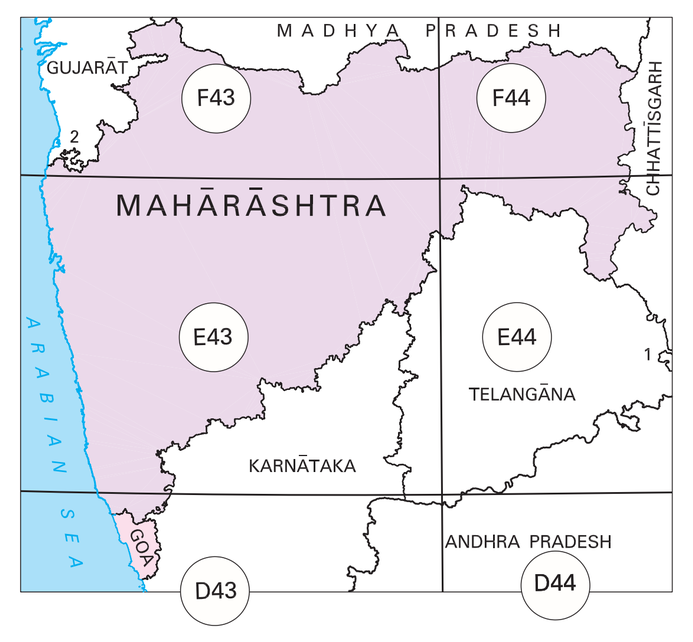












1 ANDHRA PRADESH
2 DĀDRA AND NAGAR HAVELI AND DAMĀN AND DIU

DISTANCE TABLE

YAVATMĀL	WĀSHĪM	WARDHA	THĀNE	SOLĀPUR	SĀTĀRA	SĀNGLI	RATNĀGIRI	PUNE	PARBHANI	PĀLGHAR	NĀSHIK	NANDURBĀR	NĀNDED	NĀGPUR	MUMBAI	LATUR	KOLHĀPUR	JĀLNA	JALGAON	HINGOLI	GONDIYA	GADCHIROLI	DHULE	DHĀRĀSHIV	CHHATRAPATI SAMBHĀJĪNAGAR	CHANDRAPUR	BULDHĀNA	BHANDĀRA	BEED	AMRĀVATI	AKOLA	AHILYĀNAGAR	DISTANCES IN KILOMETRES
																																0	AHILYĀNAGAR
																															0	362	AKOLA
																														0	96	437	AMRĀVATI
																													0	387	290	130	BEED
																												0	570	218	312	667	BHANDĀRA
																											0	423	212	196	100	257	BULDHĀNA
																										0	435	185	489	230	312	604	CHANDRAPUR
																									0	514	137	541	126	340	246	120	CHHATRAPATI SAMBHĀJĪ NAGAR
																								0	247	534	335	618	120	449	389	200	DHĀRĀSHIV
																							0	404	156	606	189	597	282	370	270	261	DHULE
																						0	689	593	582	82	513	140	572	311	394	686	GADCHIROLI
																					0	158	686	748	603	240	522	80	663	298	404	747	GONDIYA
																				0	462	405	350	258	234	329	163	378	215	184	135	331	HINGOLI
																			0	285	587	593	92	385	157	512	115	507	274	280	176	274	JALGAON
																		0	152	164	543	538	221	223	60	463	111	511	101	284	187	173	JĀLNA
																	0	521	607	577	975	884	564	310	428	803	564	885	373	751	702	314	KOLHĀPUR
																0	362	222	374	202	618	527	416	80	264	446	305	530	136	395	322	251	LĀTŪR
															0	518	375	413	415	580	974	954	323	410	356	872	486	876	386	673	585	268	MUMBAI
														0	773	478	837	404	430	325	146	172	551	562	446	153	348	62	517	154	247	597	NĀGPUR
													0	341	584	132	491	206	372	87	485	393	432	216	265	312	244	396	204	262	213	334	NĀNDED
												0	528	613	394	515	640	319	165	467	780	798	94	498	251	698	282	689	376	462	363	336	NANDURBĀR
											0	212	451	624	166	421	445	246	250	410	834	760	158	481	183	679	323	730	267	513	417	163	NĀSHIK
										0	147	326	590	762	96	531	458	384	402	581	907	898	310	501	318	821	445	823	414	623	558	295	PĀLGHAR
									0	520	387	460	70	396	532	127	487	139	289	75	543	481	365	184	201	378	198	457	147	262	205	260	PARBHANI
								0	373	232	211	407	449	686	150	372	232	288	388	446	856	847	335	263	238	770	374	822	247	622	485	122	PUNE
							0	302	608	425	480	699	611	973	341	481	132	572	651	676	1132	989	637	430	498	906	633	1048	499	834	768	384	RATNĀGIRI
						0	166	232	465	456	428	662	444	790	375	314	47	474	606	532	935	821	589	263	442	736	586	850	371	678	659	293	SĀNGLI
					0	122	192	111	422	334	328	521	448	783	255	323	122	359	460	484	930	844	446	254	307	761	443	843	274	618	554	193	SĀTĀRA
				0	220	192	357	254	248	537	397	561	255	600	400	124	236	284	446	342	744	629	467	73	308	548	398	660	180	525	454	225	SOLĀPUR
			0	407	262	384	347	154	513	81	152	377	562	755	26	482	382	377	398	547	920	891	309	413	310	817	438	813	359	616	550	235	THĀNE
		0	678	513	689	703	879	619	312	690	553	568	260	85	698	393	750	331	378	250	230	212	471	482	384	130	305	146	444	110	200	495	WARDHA
	0	200	518	384	525	574	718	455	123	529	392	419	131	271	537	250	622	170	237	53	416	407	327	328	223	326	144	332	242	131	83	335	WĀSHĪM
0	134	69	639	443	648	633	799	577	237	650	514	529	190	152	658	323	681	281	323	171	298	236	416	413	339	153	240	206	379	93	148	454	YAVATMĀL

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